



**HCY-003-001304**

Seat No. \_\_\_\_\_

**B. Sc. (Sem. III) (CBCS) Examination**

**October / November – 2017**

**Chemistry : C-301**

**Faculty Code : 003**

**Subject Code : 001304**

Time :  $2\frac{1}{2}$  Hours]

[Total Marks : 70

- Instructions :**
- (1) Question-1 contains 20 short type questions of one mark each. All are compulsory.
  - (2) Write answer of all questions in main answer sheet.
  - (3) Question number 2 and 3 carrier 25 marks with internal option.

**1** Write correct answer of the following questions : **20**

- (1)  $H \psi = E \psi$  is Schrodinger equation in the form of ..... operator.
- (2) The electronic configuration of Eu is .....
- (3) How many unpaired electrons are present in  $Gd^{+3}$  ?
- (4) The colour of  $Pr^{+3}$  ion is .....

- (5) Give characteristics of  $\psi$ .
- (6) Aldehydes and ketones undergo ..... addition reactions.
- (7) Give relative reactivity of the following towards Nucleophilic addition reaction : Formaldehyde, ethanal and acetone.
- (8) Due to which factor the M.P., B. P. of carboxylic acids are higher than corresponding alcohols ?
- (9) Give structure of dimer of any carboxylic acid.
- (10) Give statement of Perkin reaction.
- (11) Write equation of condensed phase rule
- (12) Steam distillation is used for separation of ..... liquid mixture.
- (13) Water is ..... component system.
- (14) Define parachor.
- (15) ..... of liquid is a measure of its fractional resistance.
- (16) ..... is a unit of viscosity.
- (17) Which gas is known as blue gas ?
- (18) The full form of GCV is .....
- (19) Write any one application of Methyl Orange.
- (20) Draw the structure of Congored.

**2** Answer the following as per instructions :

- (A) Answer any three from the following six questions : **6**
- (1) Write two physical properties of aldehydes.
  - (2) Give structure and IUPAC name of formic acid and acetic acid.
  - (3) Give any two methods for the formation of acid chloride.
  - (4) Give the conditions for normalization and orthogonality of wave function.
  - (5) Give any two applications of Lanthanide elements.
  - (6) What does  $\psi$  and  $\psi^2$  represent ?

(B) Answer any three from the following six questions : 9

- (1) Describe physical properties of monocarboxylic acid.
- (2) Explain : hydrolysis of ester.
- (3) Explain separation of lanthanide ions by ion exchange.
- (4) Explain : Ylide
- (5) Write short note on Misch metals.
- (6) Explain eigen function and eigen values.

(C) Answer any two from the following five questions : 10

- (1) Discuss reaction of aldehyde and ketone with alcohol.
- (2) Derive Schrodinger wave equation.
- (3) Give reaction and mechanism of Aldol condensation.
- (4) Describe relative acidity of monocarboxylic acid.
- (5) Explain magnetic properties of lanthanide ions.

3 (A) Answer any three from the following six questions : 6

- (1) Give synthesis of Phenacetin.
- (2) Write the phases of sulfur system.
- (3) Why  $\text{CO}_2$  has no dipole moment ?
- (4) Define coal gas and give its composition.
- (5) Give two examples each of natural and artificial fuel.
- (6) Explain: Maximum three phases can be at equilibrium for one component system.

(B) Answer any three from the following six questions : **9**

- (1) Give synthesis of Malachite Green.
- (2) Explain water system.
- (3) Explain desilverization of Argentiferrous lead with phase diagram.
- (4) Explain additive and constitutive property.
- (5) Write a note on Biogas.
- (6) Give characteristic of an ideal fuel.

(C) Answer any two from the following five questions : **10**

- (1) Give synthesis of (i) Veronal (ii) Diamond Black-F.
- (2) Give construction and working of bomb calorimeter.
- (3) Discuss Pb-Ag system with diagram.
- (4) Explain method to determine the dipole moment.
- (5) Define refractive index. Discuss method to determine it.

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